1973

February 16, 1973

University of Michigan Law School

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On February 19 Ann Arbor partisans will go to the polls to vote from among their parties' hopefuls those who will emerge as candidates for the municipal elections coming up this April. Res Gestae selected a few of the more interesting of these candidates for interviews which appear in this issue. Since balanced reporting has invariably been a hallmark of R.G. coverage, you will find that our staff went out of its way this time to seek diversity: the three candidates interviewed are all from the same party. Two, however, are law students and the third is a woman running for mayor, so we at least got some "news." We also want to make one thing perfectly clear: the inclusion of any candidate in this Preview does not represent our endorsement of his or her candidacy. But, that's not to say we can't be bought.

-- The Editors

Shoichet

Frank Shoichet has no trouble squaring off his radical politics with his status as a second year law student.

"It's not economically viable to be a professional revolutionary at this point in time," he said, "the movement just can't support them."

"I plan to use my 'lawyer's skills' to help the people survive while we try to change the system."

With several years experience in city and university politics and a degree in political science, Shoichet is very familiar with the mechanics of political change.

"Law per se is not an instrument of social change, it merely reflects what's happening in the outside world," Shoichet says. "The Supreme Court didn't rule on the abortion issue until there was a mass abortion movement."

Minock

"Acquiescent and inactive" is how John Minock describes the Ann Arbor City Council.

"This city has been run like a bus with the city administrator as the bus driver. He has been making decisions based on virtually no citizen input and little council input," said Minock, the HRP candidate for city council in the fifth ward (bounded by Miller, Main and Pauline).

Too often the city administrator's decisions have favored select financial interests at the expense of the city at large, according to Minock, a second year law student.

For example, for the construction of the Tower Plaza Apartment Building quite a few zoning variances were granted. No parking facilities were required, the population density regulations were waived and the building was allowed to be built higher than firefighting equipment can reach, Minock said.
LETTERS

To the editors:
In response to Ms. Harper's letter,

While sufferin' last year (Dec. '71) from the first semester law school subterranean final exam blues I chanced upon the women's lounge as a quiet spot to ingest Prosser, Perkins et al. After several sessions I was requested to leave by a married Ms. who politely informed me that, "the girls sometimes like to sleep down here and, wouldn't it be better..."

Webster defines sow as "the adult female..." The balls tolled for me!

/s/ Bob Baer '74

An anonymous lounge-scrounger adds, in reference to Ms. Harper's implication that the "WOMEN" sign refers only to the lavatory facilities at the lounge: "to the reasonable person perhaps, but not to a hung-up janitor worried about orgies in the lounge. Although the sign seems to refer only to the lavatory, it appears that the janitorial staff has taken a different position in the past--as I have been confronted by various custodians for being in the 'co-ed' lounge."

SHOICHE'T cont'd from p. 1

Shoichet sees the Ann Arbor housing crisis as the central issue of this campaign. He proposes a comprehensive city wide rent control program and a tenant controlled code enforcement board.

Most importantly, Shoichet believes that the University and the city should pool their resources to provide more low cost housing for University employees as well as students.

There is a whole class of people who work for the University and want to live in Ann Arbor but are forced to live in Ypsilanti because rents are so high here, according to Shoichet. Meanwhile, the University maintains a golf course that is losing money large plot of land left in Ann Arbor on which such housing could be built--clearly a case of misplaced priorities.

Perhaps the most influential factor in Shoichet's decision to run for council, notwithstanding the demands of law school, was the growth of factionalism among HRP members.

"A radical should be committed to building a broad-based movement rather than internal factionalism. A look at the record shows that David Sinclair, my opponent, can't do that," Shoichet says.

"He is more interested in conducting a 'hard driving rock and roll campaign that addresses itself to a very small segment of people--the Rainbow People's Party," says Shoichet.

It seems that if HRP is going to offer alternatives to the old line politicians it can only do so as a unified front.

Help unify HRP. Vote Monday.
-- C. Harper

MINOCK cont'd from p. 1

For these reasons Minock would like to make the city administration and departments more responsive to the council. One way of doing this is revising the city charter so that elected officials have more authority.

"Jack McCormick, the Republican incumbent is a good example of the old acquisitive style of city council," said Minock. "He is only involved with the city council on Monday nights."

McCormick has been using drug abuse as a campaign issue but does not seem to want to solve the problem, according to Minock. He has voted against present drug help programs and refuses to consider drug manufacturers as part of the problem as well as drug pushers.
Benita ("Be" to her friends) Kaimowitz is a Human Rights Party (HRP) candidate for mayor of Ann Arbor. She characterizes her campaign as "action-oriented" and as "seeking unity on an issue-by-issue basis" with other political groups in the community.

On the one hand, Ms. Kaimowitz criticizes Democrats in Ann Arbor for adopting a passive "let's make a study" sort of posture on pressing local issues. And, on the other, she chides elements of the HRP for embracing "abstract ideological differences" and for putting forth an often "self-defeating image."

Kaimowitz (KAY•mo•witz) plans that her campaign will follow a conciliatory, non-rhetorical, issue-focused line that would avoid either pitfall. Her pragmatic approach is based upon the assumption that a potential constituency for her candidacy lies among three groups in Ann Arbor: 1. those who identify themselves as "liberal" in politics and would join forces with a radical only on specific issues; 2. disaffected or apolitical radicals (comprised mainly of university students) who feel divorced from the political arena; and 3. activist Democratic regulars who fear that their party's frontrunner, Franz Mogdis, is a do-nothing candidate.

Between the first two groups, Kaimowitz believes, many law students may fall. Herself married to a Michigan Legal Services lawyer and Reginald Heber Smith Fellow, she is aware that many socially dedicated lawyers have "split their political energies." They find expression for their political beliefs through their work in poverty law, consumer advocacy, civil rights, or the like but do not undertake active political party participation. Kaimowitz hopes that her candidacy will offer such voters the opportunity to re-channel political concern into the electoral process.

What this means strategically for Ms. Kaimowitz is that, while she unequivocally supports the HRP platform, she is willing to coalesce with less radical elements on the basis of single issues lifted from her party's planks.

A prime issue that she thinks will attract such broad-based support is establishment of a coordinated system of family health care delivery for the Ann Arbor community.

St. Joseph's Hospital has undergone severe financial difficulties in Ann Arbor and is scheduled to move to Superior Township, beyond reasonable commuting distance from the city. The void left by St. Joe's departure will generate increased demand on the remaining health care facilities: U-Hospital, Free Peoples Clinic and Summit Street Clinic. The city may well need additional clinics to pick up the overflow.

Other issues that present the possibility of coalition, in Kaimowitz' opinion, include rent control, day care and municipal ecology. In each case, she foresees that sources of funding will be an ongoing challenge for this city. The drastic cuts made by the Nixon administration in monies for social services are presumably supplanted by revenue sharing. Kaimowitz emphasized that the ostensible philosophy behind revenue sharing is one of returning control of fiscal resources to the local level. She expects that the next mayor of Ann Arbor will have to face the necessity of shuffling the city budget in order to utilize revenue sharing funds for vital cont'd p. 4
Minock, treasurer and executive committee member of the Ann Arbor Lawyer's Guild and member of the HRP city committee, says that in the past Ann Arbor's problems have been caused by poor city planning. Only by electing council members responsive to the people will the future be different from the past.

--Zena Zumeta

Kaimowitz

cont'd from p. 3

In addition Kaimowitz envisions an activist mayor for Ann Arbor as meeting problems in at least three major roles. First, in a legislative capacity, the mayor must push for reform via the city council. Second, as a lobbyist, the mayor must present the city's position before state, county, and Congressional representatives. Third, as political leader of the community, the mayor can raise issues which go beyond the scope of his or her immediate power for consideration by the people. In this last category, the candidate suggested, might fall an investigation of involvement by Ann Arbor industry and educational institutions in war-related research and development.

Ms. Kaimowitz was attracted to the mayoral race, she says, through her work as a counselor at Ozone House here in town. A former teacher in the New York City school system and holder of a masters degree in English from Sarah Lawrence, Ms. Kaimowitz claims that she's seen the "dark underside" of the "superficially rich and cozy community of Ann Arbor" in the youngsters -- runaways, addicts, dropouts and incorrigibles, who find their way to Ozone. In dealing with the problems of these youths, she has had to deal with the police, welfare department, hospital, schools, a wide gamut of city/county agencies, so that she feels she's received a "crash course in Ann Arbor, City govern-

ment." The mother of two, who in the course of seventeen years of marriage has seen herself through college and her husband through law school, feels that she was compelled to pursue the third party route because the powers-that-be among liberal Democrats in this city she finds to be too complacent, detached, and vacillating to tackle tough issues head-on. She vows a more vigorous attack in this Monday's primary and beyond.

-- J.J.S.

NOTICES

LAW WOMEN
Election Meeting Next Wednesday
7:30, Law Club Lounge, Feb. 21
also, to be discussed--
National Conference at the Univ. of South Carolina--March 18-19.
Student Senate Elections
Equal Rights Amendment
Whatever
Come and bring a candidate.

LEGAL AID VOLUNTEERS
The Washtenaw County Legal Aid Society is operating a clinic at Willow Run, Michigan. The clinic serves the Ypsilanti area, an area that needs additional free legal services. The clinic is dependent on law student volunteers and presently needs 2nd and 3rd year law students to volunteer to take additional cases. Additional information can be obtained by reading the "Legal Aid Volunteer" notices in the BLSA office and on the Legal Aid Bulletin Board (across the hall from room 217 HH).
“I remember one of those sorrowful farces, in Virginia, which we call a jury trial. A noted desperado killed Mr. B., a good citizen, in the most wanton and cold-blooded way. Of course the papers were full of it, and all men capable of reading read about it. And of course all men not deaf and dumb and idiotic talked about it. A jury list was made out, and Mr. B.L., a prominent banker and a valued citizen, was questioned precisely as he would have been questioned in any court in America:

'Have you heard of this homicide?'
'Yes.'

'Have you held conversations upon the subject?'
'Yes.'

'Have you formed or expressed opinions about it?'
'Yes.'

'Have you read the newspaper accounts of it?'
'Yes.'

'We do not want you.'

'A minister, intelligent, esteemed, and greatly respected; a merchant of high character and known probity; a mining superintendent of intelligence and unblemished reputation; a quartz-mill owner of excellent standing, were all questioned in the same way, and all set aside. Each said the public talk and the newspaper reports had not so biased his mind but that sworn testimony would overthrow his previously formed opinions and enable him to render a verdict without prejudice and in accordance with the facts. But of course such men could not be trusted with the case. Ignoramuses alone could mete out unsullied justice.

"When the peremptory challenges were all exhausted, a jury of twelve men was impaneled -- a jury who swore they had neither heard, read, talked about, nor expressed an opinion concerning a murder which the very cattle in the corrals, the Indians in the sage-brush, and the stones in the streets were cognizant of! It was a jury composed of two desperadoes, two low beer-house politicians, three barkeepers, two ranchmen who could not read, and three dull, stupid, human donkeys! It actually came out afterward, that one of these latter thought that incest and arson were the same thing.

"The verdict rendered by this jury was, Not Guilty. What else could one expect?

"The jury system puts a ban upon intelligence and honesty, and a premium upon ignorance, stupidity, and perjury. It is a shame that we must continue to use a worthless system because it was good a thousand years ago. In this age, when a gentleman of high social standing, intelligence,
1) The LSSS elections will be held on March 6, 1973 between the hours of 9:00 a.m. and 5:00 p.m. in front of Room 100 in Hutchins Hall, and from 5:00 p.m. to 6:00 p.m. in the Law Club Lobby.

2) Nominating petitions for members-at-large and officer positions may be picked up at the front desk of the Law Club on Feb. 19th.

3) All petitions shall be turned in at the front desk of the Law Club by 12:00 p.m., March 1, 1973.

4) All petitions shall require twenty (20) signatures of bona fide law students excepting the president's, which shall require forty (40) signatures.

5) All candidates who are listed on the ballot may have their pictures taken by the senate photographer. The pictures will be displayed on the day of the election. Dates and times for this will be posted.

6) All candidates for officer positions will also have their names listed for members-at-large.

7) The candidates for each officer position who receive the plurality of votes for that position will be deemed the winner.

8) The seven (7) candidates for the member-at-large positions who have received the highest number of votes and who have not been elected to an officer position shall be elected members-at-large.

9) Write-in candidates may run for any position.

10) All campaigning material must be removed by the day after the election.

11) No campaigning within 20 feet of the polls will be permitted.

12) No candidates should spend more than $25.00 on his/her campaign.

13) The Board of Governors position (1) is a two year term open to Freshmen only. NOTE: Anyone running for this position must plan to be in school for the next two years.

14) All candidates will be listed as individuals.

JURY cont'd from p. 5

and probity, swears that testimony given under solemn oath will outweigh, with him, street talk and newspaper reports based upon mere hearsay, he is worth a hundred jurymen who will swear to their own ignorance and stupidity, and justice would be far safer in his hands than in theirs. Why could not the jury law be so altered as to give men of brains and honesty an equal chance with fools and miscreants? Is it right to show the present favoritism to one class of men and inflict a disability on another, in a land whose boast is that all its citizens are free and equal? I am a candidate for the legislature. I desire to tamper with the jury law. I wish to so alter it as to put a premium on intelligence and character, and close the jury-box against idiots, blacklegs, and people who do not read newspapers. But no doubt I shall be defeated - every effort I make to save the country 'misses fire.'

from Roughing It by Mark Twain

"But I should like my son to be a bit of a scholar so as he might be up to the tricks o' these fellows as talk fine and write wi' a flourish. It 'ud be a help to me wi' these law suits, and arbitrations, and things. I wouldn't make a downright lawyer o' the lad -- I should be sorry for him to be a raskill..."

from The Mill on The Floss by George Eliot
Deep Throat
Starring: Linda Lovelace, Harry Reems
Grade: A+ (Fail)

Scotch-taped across the front doors of the Art I Cinema in Ypsilanti, "Washtenaw County's only X-rated movie theater," are the feature stories from The New York Times, Time, Newsweek, the Detroit Free Press: "Porno-Chic!", "Obscene but not Pornographic", "A Women's Lib Skin Flick". Deep Throat, the most highly praised and profitable blue movie in the history of the universe, is on display inside.

The movie is set in sunny Miami. As the credits unreele Linda Lovelace (playing "herself") drives her 1973 Cadillac Eldorado down palm-lined boulevards. A rock group plays the title song in the background. The plot begins to unfold. Linda and her well-alimoned girlfriend are enjoying the good life: no responsibility, lots of money and men, good weather. The only problem is that Linda doesn't enjoy sex. Even after a sexual mara­thon, she still doesn't "hear those bells ringing, feel those rockets going off."

The solution? Go to a psychiatrist. Linda's problem is solved when it de­velops that her clitoris is located at the base of her throat. And by a quick act of oral sex, the doctor confirms his diagnosis, to Linda's delight: her first orgasm.

The doctor quickly hires Linda to give sexual therapy to his hung-up male patients. From this point, the film focuses primarily on the doctor, who becomes physically exhausted keeping his two nurses sexually satisfied. The film ends when Linda decides to marry one of the doctor's patients, who can only enjoy intercourse by pretending to be a robber-rapist.

So what makes Deep Throat so special? The plot compares unfavorably in sophistication with a TV situation comedy. The acting is nonexistent.

The sexual activity, mostly oral, is filmed in an emotionlessly clinical style. If sex were really this boring, the world would soon be depopulated. Watching an oil pump pumping would be as much fun.

At the beginning of the movie, a statement is flashed on the screen that the movie has something to do with Freud's studies of the stages of sexual development. Whether this is intended as redeeming social content or as refuta­tion of Freud's theories on vaginal orgasm is not clear, since the statement is flashed on and off before it can be read, but it is doubtful that the makers of Deep Throat intended to pro­selytize for women's liberation, even though they do recognize the validity of non-vaginal pleasure.

As for obscenity, if eroticism is a mea­sure of obscenity, then Deep Throat is as clean as a baseball game or a Shirley Temple movie. Deep Throat is proof that sex isn't necessarily sexy. In fact, it isn't even very interest­ing. Nor is it disgusting.

Perhaps the signifi­cance of Deep Throat is, not that there's anything very special about it as a skin flick, but that it has become a symbol for the recognition, by a considerable segment of the American population, that there is no longer anything taboo about sex, at least heterosexual sex. Or maybe politics has become so depressing these days that the clamor over Deep Throat is just an attempt by people to sublimate their political frustra­tion.

-- Tom Lichten
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